



health

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Health  
FREE STATE PROVINCE

# Free State Province



# Adjudication prioritisation

	Adjudication score (Max)	criteria weight	Total score for criteria
<b>1: Contribute to equitable distribution of health services in the Free State Province.</b>	45	2	90
<b>2. Promote balanced distribution of hospital types in planned areas</b>	25	2	50
<b>3: Service (s) demand</b>	25	1	25
<b>4: Promote high quality services which are accessible, cost effective and safe</b>	25	1	25
<b>5: Bed-to population ratios and public-to- private bed ratios in establishments feeder areas and in the surrounding health district, region and province</b>	30	5	150
<b>6: Promote of advance persons or categories of persons designated in terms of Employment Equity (Act 55 of 1998)</b>	5	2	10
<b>7: Contribution towards National/Provincial priorities</b>	15	1	15
<b>8: Demonstration of availability of human resources and training of health personnel</b>	25	1	25
<b>9. Financial sustainability</b>	10	1	10
	205		400

Criteria	Sub criteria	Sub criteria score	Sub criteria weight	Adjudication score	criteria weight	Total score for criteria	Explanatory notes on sub criteria score	Adjudication note
<b>2. Promote balanced distribution of hospital types in planned areas</b>	2.1 An appropriate mix of public and private health care services.	1	5	5			5= private beds < 20%, 4 = private beds < 25% 3=private beds < 30%, 2= private beds <35%, 1= private beds < 40%, 0 private beds > 40% 5= Total public & private beds per hospital type < provincial norm 4= total public & private in the district < provincial norm 3= total public & private beds in sub-district < provincial norm 0= total public & private beds in subdistrict > provincial norm  5= Facility type in geographic area according DOH health plan 3= Facility type lacking in the district, 0= sufficient facility type in the district  5= 100 km or more, 4= 60-99km, 3=20-60km, 2=15-20 km, 1= 10-15km, 0= Less than 10 km	<b>Provincial-target ratio public private per province/district (current 70:30)</b>  <b>-Type of beds applied for must address population need as informed by DOH facilities plan as informed by the service transformation plan.</b>  <b>Fair distribution of the proposed facility in relation to existing same hospital group or another hospital (public/Private). - Envisaged facility at the area where there is need for more facilities according to the DOH plan, applicant must score maximum point of 5</b>  <b>Distance of the envisaged facility from the existing facility - closer will score less point</b>
	2.2 Promote optimal use of spare capacity in provincial health establishment	2	5	10				
	2.3 Promote the appropriate or optimal mix of beds distribution.	1	5	5				
	2.4 Fair distribution of the proposed facility in relation to existing same hospital group or another hospital.	1	5	5				
					25	2		
<b>3: Service (s) demand</b>	3.1 Burden of disease ( epidemiological) & demographic characteristics of the population to be served	2	5	10			5= applied service gap exist in distirct 3= Applied service gap exist in province 0= No service gap for applied service  5= Average Bed utilisation rate of existing public & private facilities > 80%, 3= Average BUR of existing public & private facilities 10-80%, 0= Average BUR in public & private facilities <70%  5= applied services will assist in reduction of national priority mortality rates 3= Applied services will assist in reduction of local identified priority mortality rates 0= applied services will not decrease mortality rates	<b>Comparison of current type beds against bed utilization.-Applicant will be tested against current epidemiological studies)</b>  <b>-Bed utilization of lower than 80% at both existing public and private facilities will score 0</b>  <b>Application must also address mortality and morbidity rate in the catchment area</b>
	3.2 Current beds and the utilization of beds in the catchment population.	2	5	10				
	3.3 Morbidity and mortality plan of the population in the catchment area	1	5	5				
					25	1		
<b>4: Promote high quality services which are accessible, cost effective and safe</b>	4.1 Service delivery values	2	5	10			5= Distric admission rate >50% less than provincial norm 4= District admission rate >20% less than provincial norm 3= district admission rate < provincial norm 2= district admission rate less than 10% higher than provincial norm 0= district admission are > 10% higher than provincial norm  5= comprehensive plan including trends analysis, patient saefty management and quality with proposed clinical governance	<b>Clinical Governance Plan:</b>  <b>-Is there a mechanism to look into facilities:</b>
	4.2 Is there a clinical governance plan	1	5	5				



# Hospital beds -Free state

	PROVINCIAL NORMS	Curren prov Status	Current		Planned approved/recom		Total projected	
			Private	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public
% Insured Population BEDS PER 1000 population	19%	<b>2 881 704</b>	<b>544 642</b>	<b>2 337 062</b>	<b>544 642</b>	<b>2 337 062</b>	<b>544 642</b>	<b>2 337 062</b>
	2.3	2.5	4.0	2.1	1.9	0.0	5.8	2.1
		7 093	2 160	4 933	1 013	0	3 173	4 933
Acute beds		5 769	1 731	4 038	909	0	2 640	4 038
Subacute beds		77	77	0	104	0	181	0
Mental beds		1 043	283	760	0	0	283	760
TB Beds		135	0	135	0	0	0	135
Other specialised		20	20	0	0	0	20	0
Hospice		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rehabilitation beds			49	0	0	0	49	0



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- Established Data collection on DHIS web based reasonable data since October 2017
- Delays in admin processing due to Court case
  - Fine tune selection criteria

# Licensing and accreditation



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- Regulatory requirements
  - Private hospitals
  - EMS stations and vehicles
  - (Dialysis units)
- Mental health Act
- Accreditation demands
  - NHC recommendations
    - Safe CS sites & delivery hubs
    - CTOP
  - Statutory accreditation
  - Quality accreditation



# Identified Problems

- Double standards and vague definitions
- Patient safety demands
- Facility and beds definitions and classification poor and not universal
- Pressure on accreditation of facilities and ability to provide services based on safety and available capacity
- OHSC only responsible to issue norms compliance certification
- Current only focus on private facilities
  - Work left to an advisory committee
- Many facilities not included
- Lack of skilled inspectors
- Poor licensing criteria



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# Regulatory similarities

- Required to issues licences
- Regulations specify committees
- Need to accept, review and inspect new facilities
- Need to review and inspect existing facilities for relicensing
- Monitor compliance with licensing conditions
- Investigate complaints directed against facility





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# Accreditation / Safety pressures

- NHC recommendations to accredit facilities based on compliance with providing safe caesarean sections
- Procedural regulations relating to the Office of Health standards compliance inspections with compliance of national core standards



# Some current problems

- Exclusion of state facilities relating to compliance, safety & capacity to provide a service in line with national hospital regulations
- Categories of facilities excluded from licensing processes
  - Facilities that provide service without inpatient beds
  - Dialysis units
  - Nursing homes & old age homes providing inpatient care under nursing supervision
- Clinical safety and governance
- Provincial hospitals act refer to
  - Only hospitals
  - Delegation of responsibilities to an official in the department of health
  - penalties for non-compliance that include a fine and or imprisonment



# Work loads & demands

## Licensing demand

- Hospitals Public 32
- Hospitals Private Lic. 29
- Hospitals Priv. (aprvd) 10
- EMS stations 134
- Mental rehab (unlic.) 67
- Mental rehab (lic) ??
- Frail care 42
- New facility applications 21

## Accreditation demand

- Safe CS sites
- Home delivery units/ MOU
- National core standards compliance
- Monitor Intern training sites



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# Provincial Health Licensing & Accreditation authority

- Provide a single administrative authority responsible for
  - Processing and inspections of new facility requests with the aim to issue a site licence based on compliance with need, and minimum safety standards
  - Organise and coordinate activities of regulatory prescribed advisory committees
  - Routine and unscheduled inspections to monitor compliance with infrastructure and operational safety standards
  - Renewal of operational licenses
  - Responsible for all site and operational licensing processes irrespective of the regulatory source
  - Accreditation inspections whenever needed.



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# Provincial Health Licensing & Accreditation authority

## Licence & accreditation inspections and applications

- New applications
  - Register, Process and evaluate new applications
  - Coordinate evaluation processes
  - Issuing site licences based on safety evaluations
- Operational licensing
  - Re-evaluate operators License /accreditation applications
  - Manage compliance deviations

## Quality compliance monitoring & support

- Facility quality compliance
  - Monitor OHSC self assessment processes
  - Assess quality improvement activities
  - Monitor annual return compliance
  - Coordinate training/support on quality assessments
- PHC quality compliance

# Strategic key points

- Establish an Licensing and accreditation authority for provincial health
  - Applicable to all health facilities
  - Establish well trained inspectors for licensing & Accreditation
  - Accredite/ Licence according capacity and safety compliance
  - Monitor, train and support facilities
  - Coordinate and direct advisory committees
  - Review and advise on supportive regulatory framework
  - Advice on standardisation of classification and definitions
- Link clinical governance and quality framework with authority



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# Comments Proposed HMI Plan

- Standardised National Licensing regime
  - Province limited to implementation of the model
- Mandatory Monitor & reporting framework
  - Provincial monitor for National oversight
- Preference to new and innovative models of care
  - Intrinsic incentive in licensing criteria
  - Preference to underserviced areas
- OHSC responsible for Licensing
- Published processes for transparency