



competition commission
south africa

Media Statement

For Immediate Release

29 November 2021

COMMISSION PROHIBITS ACQUISITION OF SASOL'S SODIUM CYANIDE ASSETS

The Competition Commission (the "Commission") has decided to prohibit the proposed intermediate merger whereby Draslovka Holding a.s., a Czech-based producer of sodium cyanide, through its local subsidiary, Draslovka (South Africa) Proprietary Limited ("SA OpCo"), intends to acquire the assets and liabilities of the sodium cyanide business including the sodium cyanide plant of Sasol South Africa Limited ("Sasol") ("Target Business"), as a going concern. Sodium cyanide is a poisonous chemical compound commonly used in the extraction of precious metals like gold and silver and is available in a solid and liquid form. However, the cost of the solid form and the costs of dissolution of the solid form to the liquid form are significant and substantial in comparison to the liquid form, and as a result, the two forms are not substitutable. Sasol is the only producer of liquid cyanide in South Africa, and the gold mining sector is dependent on Sasol for the supply of liquid cyanide.

The Commission finds that the proposed transaction is likely to result in a substantial prevention or lessening of competition due to inevitable post-merger price increases which will be detrimental to customers. The Commission finds that these price increases would be as a direct result of the proposed transaction. The Commission further finds that this transaction would have a substantial negative effect on the gold mining sector.

In the ***Commission/Mediclinic/Matlosana Medical matter***, the Constitutional Court of South Africa ("ConCourt") ruled that a potential increase in price arising from a merger can be used to determine whether there is a substantial prevention or lessening of competition. The ConCourt found that an increase need not necessarily be occasioned by a change (increase) in market power. A price increase arising from a merger may, on its own, constitute a substantial lessening or prevention of competition.

During its investigation, the Commission received concerns from several customers of the Target Business which relate to likely price increases post-merger. Specifically, they were concerned that Draslovka may charge import parity prices for locally produced liquid sodium cyanide (NaCN) post-merger. Generally, important parity pricing involves pricing a product produced in South Africa as if it is being imported from another country to South Africa and includes the associated costs of importation. According to the concerned customers, a post-merger increase in the price of locally produced liquid cyanide to an import parity level would have a significant negative impact on local gold mining customers and its r long-term profitability and sustainability as the procurement of liquid cyanide constitutes a significant portion of the local gold mining customers' input costs.

The Commission engaged the parties on a remedy to address the concerns around substantial price increases in liquid cyanide arising from the merger. During engagements on an appropriate pricing remedy, the merging parties proposed that a reference price be linked to the import parity price. Given the Commission's understanding that Sasol was pricing its liquid cyanide significantly below the import parity price for solid cyanide, this meant that merger would result in significant price increases.

The Commission and the merging parties were unable to agree on appropriate remedies which would address this likely price increase.

The Commission therefore prohibits the proposed transaction.

[ENDS]

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BACKGROUND

The sale of the Target Business will include Sasol's sodium cyanide plant, all continuing contracts (including agreements for the on-going supply of NaCN to Sasol's customers in South Africa) which will be ceded and assigned to SA OpCo, and all continuing orders (where orders have been placed by Sasol's customers prior to the transfer of the business and are to be delivered after closing). The land on which the Target Business's assets (buildings, plant and equipment are located) will be leased to SA OpCo pursuant to the terms of a long-term lease agreement. Post implementation of the proposed transaction, SA OpCo will exercise sole control over the Target Business.

As a result of the proposed transaction, Draslovka will acquire indirect, sole control over the Target Business through SA OpCo.

Draslovka has established a new wholly owned South African subsidiary, currently named K2021699973 (South Africa) Proprietary Limited to be renamed imminently to Draslovka Holdings (South Africa) Proprietary Limited (hereinafter referred to as "SA HoldCo") which will acquire a 74,9% shareholding in SA OpCo (i.e., 75 percent minus one share) while Navuka Investment Holdings Proprietary Limited ("Navuka"), Draslovka's broad-based Black Economic Empowerment ("B-BBEE") partner, has established a new wholly owned subsidiary, Sirtan Proprietary Limited ("Sirtan"), which will acquire a 25 percent, plus one share in SA OpCo.

The Target Business is the only local manufacturer of liquid NaCN in South Africa, which it sells exclusively to customers in the gold mining industry. NaCN solution is commonly used to leach gold from ore.